



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Corporate profile	3
Executive Chairman's statement	4
Operating and financial review	6
Board of directors	12
Directors' report	14
Directors' statement on corporate governance	18
Statement of directors' responsibilities	22
Independent auditor's report	24
Consolidated statement of financial position	26
Consolidated income statement	27
Consolidated statement of comprehensive income	28
Consolidated statement of cash flows	29
Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity	30
Company statement of financial position	31
Company statement of cash flows	32
Company statement of changes in shareholders' equity	33
Significant accounting policies	34
Notes to the financial statements	42
Directors and other information	61
Notice of Annual General Meeting	62

# CORPORATE PROFILE

TVC Holdings plc ("TVC") is a publicly quoted investment holding company with its shares trading on the AIM market of the London Stock Exchange and the ESM market of the Irish Stock Exchange. The Company's objective is to achieve capital appreciation through both working actively with its current portfolio of investments in quoted and unquoted companies in order to maximise their value and identifying new investment opportunities across a range of business sectors, principally in Ireland and the UK.

### **Ticker Symbols**

ESM: T1VC AIM: TVCH

### Website

www.tvc.com

### Address

Beech House, Beech Hill Office Campus, Clonskeagh, Dublin 4, Ireland

# EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

### Overview of investment portfolio

In the year ended 31 March 2010, the Group achieved a gross portfolio return of  $\[ \in \]$  30.4 million which contributed to an increase in the value of the Group's investment portfolio of  $\[ \in \]$  28.7 million. This comprised of an increase in value of  $\[ \in \]$  36.0 million in the Group's quoted investments and a decrease in the value of its unquoted portfolio of  $\[ \in \]$  7.3 million.

TVC's two quoted investments were valued based on their closing bid price on 31 March 2010. The unquoted investments were valued in accordance with the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines and the Group's accounting policies.

As at 31 March 2010, TVC's investment portfolio was comprised as follows:

	VALUE €'000	% INVESTMENTS	% INV + CASH
Norkom Group plc	37,471	52%	37%
UTV Media plc	23,493	32%	23%
Unquoted Investments	11,447	16%	12%
Total Investments	72,411	100%	72%
Cash and Government Bonds	28,517		28%
Total Investments + Cash	100,928		100%

### **Market conditions**

The liquidity crisis in the banking system and the general economic slowdown has resulted in a significant reduction in mergers and acquisitions activity and a severe downturn in market confidence. Given the economic outlook and because of the uncertainty and poor visibility of earnings for potential new investments, our main focus has been on managing our existing portfolio and tight management of costs in order to prepare the business to take advantage of a stabilisation in market conditions. As a consequence, there was very limited investment activity during the year to 31 March 2010 with TVC investing €0.4 million in its unquoted portfolio.

### Equity value per share

The equity value per share as at 31 March 2010 was &0.93 (shareholders' equity of &94.3 million and 101.1 million shares in issue) compared to the equity value at 31 March 2009 of &0.68. The 37% increase in the equity value per share during the year ended 31 March 2010 primarily reflects the following:

- Increase in value of the Group's investment in Norkom Group plc (net of non-controlling interest) of €19.3 million as a result of the appreciation in the Norkom share price during the year from €0.573 to €1.55;
- Increase in value of the Group's investment in UTV Media plc of €12.4
  million as a result of the appreciation in the UTV share price during the
  year from £0.60 to £1.2125 and an unrealised foreign exchange gain of €0.6
  million due to the appreciation of Sterling against the Euro;
- Reduction in value of the unquoted portfolio (net of non-controlling interest)
   of €5.9 million; and
- Realised gains on unquoted investments (net of non-controlling interest) of €0.7 million

As at the reporting date, TVC had cash and government bonds of €28.5 million and no bank debt.

### Share premium reduction

Following the passing of a special resolution at TVC's 2009 Annual General Meeting, on 30 July 2009 the High Court confirmed the reduction of the Company's share premium account. As a result, the entire amount of the share premium account, amounting to €156.6 million, was cancelled and this amount was credited to revenue reserves thereby eliminating the Company's accumulated deficit. This will give the Company flexibility in the future to implement a share buy-back programme and/or to pay dividends to its shareholders.

### Business strategy and outlook

TVC's strategy is, in the medium term, to have a core portfolio of four to five platform investments in quoted and unquoted companies across a number of business sectors, and to continue to realise significant value from the other companies in its portfolio. TVC's cash and government bonds plus two quoted investments represented 86% of our net asset value at 31 March 2010. Four unquoted investments represent most of the remaining 14% of our net asset value at 31 March 2010. With net assets of €103.6 million and cash and government bonds in excess of €28.5 million and no debt in the Company, we believe that TVC is in a strong position to deliver its strategy and maximise value for our shareholders. Given our significant cash balance, we believe we are also in a strong position to take full advantage of an improvement in market conditions.

### Board, management and staff

I would like to thank the Board and all of TVC's management and staff for their contribution and continued commitment during the year.

### Shane Reihill

Executive Chairman

8 June 2010

# OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

### **OPERATING REVIEW**

As at 31 March 2010, TVC's investment portfolio consisted of quoted investments in Norkom Group plc and UTV Media plc together with a portfolio of unquoted investments. Details of TVC's principal portfolio companies are set out below.



### www.norkom.com

	Change on prior year	MARCH 2010	MARCH 2009
Revenue	+3%	€49.3 m	€48.0 m
EBITDA	+12%	€9.2 m	€8.2 m
Adjusted Diluted Earnings per Share	(cent) +22%	9.42	7.74

### TVC investment in Norkom

TVC first invested in Norkom in August 1999. At 31 March 2010, TVC held an equity shareholding of 26.9% in Norkom which it valued at  $\[ \in \]$  37.5 million based on the closing bid price per share of  $\[ \in \]$  1.55 at that date. TVC's investment in Norkom represented 52% of the Group's total investment portfolio as at 31 March 2010.

### Nature of business

Norkom Technologies is a market-leading provider of innovative financial crime and compliance solutions to the global financial services industry. It enables financial organisations to take intelligent action, control defences and evolve strategies against fraud, money laundering and other types of financial crime. By combining a unique investigative technology platform with deep domain expertise, Norkom has established a solid track record of reducing financial losses, protecting users' reputations, improving operational efficiencies and lowering the cost of information technology.

Norkom's solutions are used by clients in over 100 countries across four continents, including seven of the top ten banks in the world, in the global retail banking, insurance and investment banking sectors and monitor billions of transactions on a daily basis.

### Results for the year ended 31 March 2010

Norkom performed well in the year to 31 March 2010. Revenue increased by 3% to €49.3 million. Profits grew with adjusted diluted EPS up 22% year-on-year reflecting tight cost control and further improvements in operational efficiencies. Net cash inflow generated from operations was particularly strong at €15.0 million (previous year €6.6 million) resulting in net cash balances at 31 March 2010 of €41.6 million.

### Outlook

We expect Norkom to grow revenue and profits during the year to 31 March 2011. After a difficult 2008 and 2009, the financial services sector is stabilising. The issues that Norkom addresses for its clients – fraud, compliance and regulation – are critical issues for both banks and financial regulators and Norkom will benefit from these market drivers.



### www.utvmedia.com

	Change on prior year	DECEMBER 2009	DECEMBER 2008
Revenue	-6%	£112.1 m	£119.7 m
Operating profit	-16%	£23.7 m	£28.3 m
Operating profit by segment			
Radio GB		£9.4 m	£10.6 m
Radio Ireland		£7.0 m	£8.0 m
TV		£5.3 m	£7.7 m
New Media		£2.0 m	£2.0 m

### TVC investment in UTV

TVC completed its acquisition of an initial 15% shareholding in UTV in July 2008 and acquired an additional 3% shareholding in November 2008. At 31 March 2010, TVC held an equity shareholding of 18.0% in UTV which it valued at €23.5 million based on the closing bid price per share of £1.2125 and a Euro/Sterling exchange rate of £0.8898 at that date. TVC's investment in UTV represented 32% of the Group's total investment portfolio as at 31 March 2010.

### Nature of business

UTV is a media business focused on the UK and Ireland incorporating radio, television and new media services. Its shares trade on the main market of both the London Stock Exchange and the Irish Stock Exchange.

UTV Radio comprises 21 radio stations in the UK and Ireland. UK radio assets include the national radio station, talkSPORT, and 13 local radio stations. talkSPORT is the number one commercial talk radio station in the UK. In Ireland, UTV is one of the largest radio players with stations broadcasting from Dublin, Belfast, Cork, Limerick and Drogheda.

UTV holds the ITV franchise for Northern Ireland and the service is also available in 70% of homes in the Republic of Ireland.

### Results for the year ended 31 December 2009

UTV performed satisfactorily in the year to December 2009 despite a difficult advertising market. Revenue from continuing operations declined by 6% year-on-year with the rate of decline decreasing as the year progressed. Radio generated 70% of the company's operating profit with a strong performance in Radio GB bolstered by the acquisition of Sport Magazine. Annualised cost savings of £6 million were achieved during the year. The company's strong cash flow and strict working capital management contributed to an 18% reduction in net debt to £88.5 million at 31 December 2009. Since its year-end UTV re-negotiated its banking covenants to provide more operational flexibility and a final 2009 dividend of 2 pence per share has been declared.

### Outlook

In the first four months of 2010, GB Radio and Television divisions have returned to growth and the rate of decline in Irish Radio has slowed. While longer term visibility is poor due to the uncertainty surrounding the pace of recovery in the UK and timing of recovery in Ireland, in the medium term, TVC expects that the quality of UTV's UK and Irish radio assets, together with its strong regional TV franchise, will enable the company to continue to maintain a strong position within these sectors.

### Unquoted portfolio

The unquoted investments portfolio was valued at €11.4 million as at 31 March 2010, representing 16% of the Group's total investment portfolio as at that date.

The principal unquoted portfolio companies are as follows:



### www.thetasgroup.com

www.ciictasgroup.com
Sales methodology software
36.2%
June 2006 to fund the acquisition by Select Selling Ltd (subsequently renamed The TAS Group) of the sales methodology and training division of Oracle (called OnTarget).
The TAS Group is an on-demand Sales Performance Automation company that has helped over 650,000 sales professionals in medium and large-sized businesses achieve sustained, predictable revenue growth through its unique sales technology, methodology and process. The TAS Group works closely with clients to improve their sales performance. Customers include Autodesk, BT, HP, Microsoft, Sun and Xerox.
The TAS Group is the only sales performance organisation with a continuous multi-million dollar investment in its own methodology and technology R&D centre. The TAS Group is headquartered in Seattle, USA, with international headquarters in Dublin, Ireland and Bracknell, UK.



### www.cr2.com

Sector	Banking solutions software
Equity shareholding	30.6%
First investment	May 2005 to fund restructuring.
Nature of business	CR2, established in 1997, is a leading global provider of self service banking software solutions. CR2's BankWorld solution empowers financial institutions with the ability to deliver a complete suite of integrated electronic self service channels including ATM, Internet, Mobile and Kiosk from a single self service platform. BankWorld provides a consolidated view of all of a customer's accounts and services across all channels, whilst allowing the bank to deliver segmented products and services at every point of customer contact.
	CR2 has more than 130 implementations across 70 countries and 4 continents. Customers include Standard Chartered Bank, ANZ, Barclays, Cairo Amman Bank and Diamond Bank.



### www.shenick.com

Sector	Telecommunications test equipment
Equity shareholding	45.4%
First investment	October 2003 to fund product development and sales/marketing.
Nature of business	Founded in 2000, Shenick develops IP-based test & measurement systems focused primarily on security and voice & video testing. It has sold its diversifEye products throughout North America, Europe and Asia Pacific. Shenick's servicEye Spider is an integrated multi service monitoring and quality assurance solution, capable of monitoring multiple concurrent applications such as IPTV, VoD, VoIP and data in next generation networks.
	Customers include many of the world's leading network service providers such as AT&T, BT, DT, FT, Verizon, Sprint, Qwest, Korea Telecom, NTT and Telekom Malaysia and communications equipment vendors such as Alcatel-Lucent, Cisco, Ericsson, Fujitsu, HP, Juniper, Motorola, Redback, Siemens and Tellabs.



### www.maldronhotels.com

Sector	Hotel operator
Equity shareholding	28.8%
First investment	August 2007 to fund the acquisition of the operating businesses of 11 Comfort Inn and Quality hotels in Ireland from Choice Hotels Ireland.
Nature of business	In August 2007, TVC led a consortium of investors, including Pat McCann (ex Jury's Doyle Hotel Group plc, Chief Executive) and Davy Private Clients, to acquire the operating business of 11 Comfort Inn and Quality hotels in Ireland. A new company, Dalata Limited, was set up to operate this business.
	The new brand, Maldron Hotels, was launched on 1 September 2008, focused on the mid-market Irish hospitality sector. The company employs, both directly and indirectly through managed contracts, in excess of 1,100 people and its 17 leased/managed hotel properties represent in excess of 2,200 rooms.

### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

### International Financial Reporting Standards

The Group's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU.

### Gross portfolio return

The principal components of TVC's gross portfolio return of €30.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2010 were:

- Revaluations Net unrealised gain of €28.7 million, comprised as follows:
  - Norkom Group plc increase in value of €23.6 million to reflect the movement in its share price from €0.573 to €1.55 during the year;
  - UTV Media plc increase in value of €12.4 million to reflect the movement in its share price from £0.60 to £1.2125 during the year and an unrealised foreign exchange gain of €0.6 million due to the appreciation of Sterling against the Euro; and
  - Reduction in value of €7.3 million in unquoted investments.
- Realisations gain of €0.8 million on realisation of investments.
- Portfolio income €0.9 million for the year including a final 2008 dividend of €0.4 million received from UTV Media plc.

### Operating expenses

During the year, the Group reached agreement with the Revenue Commissioners under which it can reclaim a portion of the input VAT on its expenditure. An amount of €479,000, recoverable in respect of previous years, has been offset against operating expenses for the year ended 31 March 2010 in the income statement.

### **Taxation**

The tax charge for the year was €0.2 million (2009: €0.3 million). The Group has a very low effective tax rate as no current income tax or deferred tax charge arises in relation to the profits on the disposal or revaluation of its investments. This is because the Group meets the conditions whereby holding companies can qualify for a capital gains tax exemption under Section 626B of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997 in respect of disposals of shares in its investee companies.

### Investment portfolio

As at 31 March 2010, TVC's investment portfolio was valued at €72.4 million, of which €61.0 million related to quoted investments and €11.4 million related to unquoted investments.

### **Funding position**

Cash at bank and government bonds amounted to  $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{C}}28.5$  million as at 31 March 2010 and the Group had no debt.

### Share price

The Company's shares traded in the range of 0.415 to 0.66 during the year ended 31 March 2010. The closing share price of the Company was 0.62 as at 31 March 2010.

The Board of TVC comprises three executive directors and three non-executive directors. Details of the directors and the company secretary are set out below.

# BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

### Shane Reihill, Executive Chairman [3]

Shane Reihill (44) is Executive Chairman of TVC. In 1997 Shane founded Trinity Venture Capital Limited. He is also currently the chairman of Norkom Group plc and The Agency (Holdings) Limited and a non-executive director of UTV Media plc. Formerly he was joint chief executive officer of Tedcastle Holdings Limited and worked for a number of years at Dillon Read Investment Bank in New York. Shane holds an MBA from Columbia Business School.

### John Tracey, Chief Executive Officer

John Tracey (50) has been the Chief Executive Officer of the Group since its inception in 1997. He moved into venture capital in 1989 and spent 8 years with ICC Venture Capital where he was investment director. John is an engineer and had previously worked in the semiconductor industry before joining Deloitte as a management consultant. He represents the Group on the boards of Norkom Group plc and Shenick. John is currently chairman of the Irish Venture Capital Association. John holds bachelor and masters degrees in engineering from University College Dublin.

### Rory Quirke, Director

Rory Quirke (38) is a Director of TVC. He joined the Group at its start-up in 1997 after qualifying as a chartered accountant with KPMG. He is currently chairman of Maldron Hotels and he also represents the Group on the boards of CR2 and The TAS Group. Rory holds bachelor and masters degrees in economics from University College Dublin.



SHANE REIHILL



JOHN TRACEY



DUBA ULIBKE

### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

### John B McGuckian, Non-Executive Director [1] [2]

John B McGuckian (70) is a Non-Executive Director of TVC. John is an industrialist with a wide range of industrial and commercial experience. He is chairman of UTV Media plc, Irish Continental Group plc and Cooneen Textiles Limited. His other directorships include enterprises in Ireland, the UK and the USA. John has served as chairman of the International Fund for Ireland and the Industrial Development Board for Northern Ireland and was formerly senior pro-chancellor and chairman of the governing body of the Queen's University of Belfast. John holds a BSc. (Econ) and is a Doctor of Laws.

### Gavin O'Reilly, Non-Executive Director [1] [2] [3]

Gavin O'Reilly (43) is a Non-Executive Director of TVC. Gavin is group chief executive officer of Independent News & Media PLC, the international media and communications group. Gavin is president of the World Association of Newspapers and chairman of Dromoland Castle Holdings Limited. Gavin is a non-executive director of Norkom Group plc and a number of other private Irish companies and charities. Gavin is a graduate of Georgetown University Business School in Washington DC.

### Pádraig Ó Ríordáin, Non-Executive Director [1] [2] [3]

Pádraig Ó Ríordáin (44) is a Non-Executive Director of TVC. Pádraig is Managing Partner of Arthur Cox, a leading Irish law firm. He trained as a lawyer in the National University of Ireland and Harvard Law School and has practiced in New York and Dublin. In addition to his role in managing Arthur Cox, Pádraig advises a range of public companies, private companies and State related entities on their transactional and business issues and has a specialist expertise in regulated industries. He acts as the Independent Chairman of the Irish Government's Advisory Forum on Financial Legislation and is also a non-executive director of Paddy Power plc.

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

### John Fagan, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary

John Fagan (48) is Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of TVC. John was appointed to the board of Trinity Venture Capital Limited in 2003. He is the former group financial controller and company secretary of Tedcastle Holdings Limited. John is also a director of a number of other private companies. John is a graduate of University College Dublin and a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.



JOHN B McGUCKIAN



**GAVIN O'REILLY** 



PÁDRAIG Ó RÍORDÁIN



**JOHN FAGAN** 

<sup>(1)</sup> Member of audit committee

<sup>(2)</sup> Member of remuneration committee

<sup>(3)</sup> Member of nomination committee

# DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the year ended 31 March 2010

The directors present their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010, which are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU.

### Principal activity and business review

TVC is a publicly quoted investment holding company with investments in 10 portfolio companies. A detailed review of the performance of the portfolio is included in the Executive Chairman's statement and the operating and financial review on pages 4 to 11.

### Results for the year

The results for the year are set out in the Group income statement on page 27.

### **Dividends**

There were no dividends paid or proposed by the Company for the year ended 31 March 2010.

### **Future developments**

The Group will continue to pursue new investment opportunities to enhance shareholder value, through a combination of new investments, follow-on investments and divestments.

### Directors and company secretary and their interests

In accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, John B McGuckian and John Tracey retire from the Board and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The directors and company secretary who held office at 31 March 2010 had no interests, other than those shown below, in the shares of the Company. Beneficial interests at 31 March 2010 and at 31 March 2009 were as follows:

	ORDINARY SHARES IN TVC HOLI AT 31 MARCH 2010	DINGS PLC OF €0.01 EACH AT 31 MARCH 2009
Shane Reihill (1)	19,503,392	18,453,392
John Tracey	1,115,256	1,115,256
Rory Quirke	301,397	301,397
John B McGuckian	66,667	66,667
Gavin O'Reilly	166,667	166,667
Pádraig Ó Ríordáin	833,333	833,333
John Fagan	140,024	140,024

(1) The interests of Shane Reihill in the Ordinary Shares represents 19.3% of the Company's issued share capital and relate to the Ordinary Shares held by BHR Limited and Frank Reihill & Co. Limited (both entities ultimately owned and controlled by Shane Reihill), and Blue Hawk Limited (a company ultimately controlled by Shane Reihill and members of his family).

In addition to the above, the directors and company secretary hold options to purchase shares in TVC details of which are outlined on page 21.

### **Substantial holdings**

At 7 June 2010, and other than as disclosed under directors' interests, the directors have been notified of the following shareholdings which amount to 3% or more of the Company's issued share capital:

SHAREHOLDER	NO. OF SHARES	PERCENTAGE
Allied Irish Banks, p.l.c. and subsidiaries	14,142,414	14.0%
European Investment Fund	9,590,461	9.5%
Enterprise Ireland	6,870,839	6.8%
Davycrest Nominees and Davy Nominees	6,058,081	6.0%
Bank of Ireland Asset Management	4,846,260	4.8%
Gartmore Investment Limited	3,068,545	3.0%

### Key performance indicators (KPIs)

TVC considers shareholders' equity value per share as being the most important indicator of the underlying performance of the business. Details of the movements in equity value per share are outlined on page 4.

### Financial risk management

Details of TVC's financial risk management policies are outlined in note 21 to the financial statements.

### Principal risks and uncertainties

Under Irish company law (Regulation 37 of the European Communities (Companies: Group Accounts) Regulations 1992, as amended) TVC is required to give a description of the principal risks and uncertainties which it faces.

There are a number of potential risks and uncertainties which could have a material impact on TVC's long-term performance which are:

CATEGORY	RISK
Business Structure	<ul> <li>Underlying nature of the investment portfolio where investment valuations depend upon the performance of the portfolio companies and on a range of market and macroeconomic factors</li> <li>Illiquid nature of the unquoted portfolio companies</li> </ul>
Investment	<ul> <li>Ability to source and execute new investments</li> <li>Ability to realise divestments at strong valuations</li> </ul>
Financial	<ul> <li>Ability to raise funds in current depressed equity markets and tight credit markets</li> <li>Exchange rate risk</li> </ul>

TVC has adopted appropriate controls; established investment approval procedures and processes; and recruited management with skills and experience to manage and mitigate these risks where possible and thus enable execution of the Group's business strategy.

### Accounting records

The directors believe that they have complied with the requirement of Section 202 of the Companies Act 1990 with regard to books of account by employing personnel with appropriate expertise and by providing adequate resources to the finance function. The books of account of the Company are maintained at the Company's registered office at Beech House, Beech Hill Office Campus, Clonskeagh, Dublin 4, Ireland.

### Going concern

The directors have made enquiries and are satisfied that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and, accordingly, consider it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

### **Political donations**

TVC did not make any political donations during the year.

### Events after the reporting date

No significant events have taken place since the reporting date that would result in an adjustment of the financial statements or inclusion of a note thereto.

### Auditor

In accordance with Section 160(2) of the Companies Act 1963, the auditor, KPMG, Chartered Accountants, will continue in office.

### **Subsidiaries**

Information on the Group's subsidiaries is set out in note 3 to the financial statements.

### **Annual General Meeting**

Your attention is drawn to the notice of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company which will be held at The Merrion Hotel, Upper Merrion Street, Dublin 2, Ireland on 8 July 2010 at 11:30am and is set out on pages 62 to 64. In addition to the usual business of the AGM (as set out in resolutions 1-3 in the notice of the meeting) there are two items of special business proposed for the AGM. The two items of special business relate to the share capital of the Company and concern matters which are now routine for most public companies. Your Board believes that the resolutions to be proposed at the AGM are in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. Accordingly, your directors unanimously recommend you to vote in favour of the resolutions as they intend to do in respect of all the ordinary shares which can be voted by them.

Under the first item of special business (resolution 4(A)), shareholders are being asked to extend the authority granted at the last AGM to give the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, the authority to purchase up to 20% of its own shares. If adopted, this authority will expire on the earlier of the close of business on 8 October 2011 or the date of the AGM of the Company in 2011. The Board reviews the appropriateness of share repurchases on an ongoing basis and while the directors do not have any current intention to exercise this power in full, this authority is being sought as it is common practice for public companies. Furthermore such purchases would be made only at price levels which the directors considered to be in the best interests of the shareholders generally, after taking into account the Company's overall financial position. In addition, the authority being sought from shareholders will provide that the minimum price which may be paid for such shares shall not be less than the nominal value of the shares and the maximum price will be 105% of the then market price of such shares.

Shareholders are also being asked under the second item of special business (resolution 4(B)) to pass a resolution authorising the Company to reissue such shares purchased by it and not cancelled as treasury shares. If granted, the minimum and maximum prices at which treasury shares may be reissued shall be set at 95% and 120%, respectively, of the then market price of such shares. This authority will expire on the earlier of the close of business on 8 October 2011 or the date of the AGM of the Company in 2011.

Biographies of the directors standing for re-election are included on pages 12 and 13.

### Further action

A Form of Proxy for use at the AGM is enclosed. You are requested to complete, sign and return the Form of Proxy as soon as possible whether or not you propose to attend the meeting in person. To be valid, the Form of Proxy should be returned by hand or by post to the Registrar of the Company, Capita Registrars (Ireland) Limited, Unit 5 Manor Street Business Park, Manor Street, Dublin 7, Ireland or by facsimile transmission to the facsimile number printed on the Form of Proxy, to arrive not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting. The completion and return of a Form of Proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting at the meeting should you so wish.

On behalf of the Board

**Shane Reihill** *Director*John Tracey

Director

8 June 2010

# DIRECTORS' STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board of TVC is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance. While adherence to the Combined Code on Corporate Governance is not required of ESM and AIM listed companies, TVC supports the principles and provisions of the Code and has undertaken to apply these insofar as appropriate and practical for a company of its size. The following statement describes how TVC is applying the Code in the governance of its business.

### The Board

The Company is controlled through its Board of Directors.

The Board's main roles are to create value for shareholders, to provide leadership of the Company, to approve the Company's strategic objectives and to ensure that the necessary financial and other resources are made available to meet those objectives.

The Board is responsible for reviewing and approving TVC's strategy, budgets, new investments, follow-on investments in excess of certain limits, divestments in excess of certain limits and major items of capital expenditure. The Board has delegated responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Group, and follow-on investments and divestments below a certain threshold, to the Group's executive management.

The Board is currently comprised of three executive and three non-executive directors. The Board considers all non-executive directors capable of exercising independent judgement. The Executive Chairman is responsible for the operational efficiency of the Board and for ensuring that all directors have full and timely access to the information necessary to enable them to discharge their duties. Board meetings are held regularly throughout the year at which reports relating to TVC's operations, together with financial reports, are considered.

The directors have full access to the advice and services of the company secretary, who also acts as secretary to the audit committee. The company secretary is responsible to the Board for ensuring that Board procedures are followed and ensuring compliance with applicable rules and regulations. The directors also have access to independent professional advice, at the Group's expense, if and when required.

The Board has established an audit committee, a remuneration committee and a nomination committee with formally delegated duties and responsibilities.

### Audit committee

The audit committee is chaired by John B McGuckian and comprises of the three non-executive directors, all of whom have recent and relevant financial experience.

The audit committee has primary responsibility for monitoring the quality of internal controls, ensuring that the financial performance of TVC is properly measured and reported on and for reviewing reports from TVC's auditor relating to its accounting and internal controls.

In the course of its meetings, the audit committee reviews the accounting policies adopted by the Company, the annual and interim financial statements, including significant financial reporting issues and judgements contained therein, and any reports of the external auditor. It also reviews the external auditor's independence and the effectiveness of its planning for audit. The external auditor has full and unrestricted access to the audit committee.

The audit committee has evaluated the need for an internal audit function in TVC and concluded that such a function was not necessary given the current size of the Company. The committee has reviewed TVC's internal controls and risk management systems and determined that these operated effectively during the year.

### Remuneration committee

The remuneration committee is chaired by Pádraig Ó Ríordáin and is comprised of the three non-executive directors. The remuneration committee is responsible for determining the Group's policy on remuneration of executive directors and senior management and for considering and approving basic salaries and other terms of their remuneration packages.

### Nomination committee

The nomination committee is chaired by Shane Reihill, Executive Chairman, and the other members are Gavin O'Reilly and Pádraig Ó Ríordáin. It is responsible for identifying and nominating directors to the Board of TVC for approval.

### **Internal controls**

The Board has ultimate responsibility for the Group's systems of internal control and for monitoring their effectiveness. These systems are designed to give reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. In order to discharge that responsibility in a manner which ensures compliance with legislation and regulations, the Board has established an organisational structure with clear operating and reporting procedures, lines of responsibility, authorisation limits and delegation of authority.

The system of internal control includes the following:

- Clearly defined organisational structure, with defined authority limits and reporting mechanisms to higher levels of management and to the Board which support the maintenance of a strong control environment.
- Clearly defined investment approval process for the making of new and followon investments and disposals approved by the Board.
- Budgeting systems with an annual budget approved by the Board.
- System of financial reporting. Quarterly actual results are reported against budget and considered by the Board.
- Set of policies and procedures relating to operational and financial controls.
- A corporate governance framework.

The Group, in common with other organisations of its size, does not have an internal audit function.

### Communication with shareholders

The Group recognises the importance of shareholder communications. There is regular dialogue between the executive directors and institutional shareholders as well as presentations at the time of release of annual and half year results. The Board is subsequently briefed on the views and concerns of institutional shareholders.

The Group issues its results promptly to shareholders and they are also published on the Group's website, **www.tvc.com**. The Company's Annual General Meeting will afford each shareholder the opportunity to meet and engage directly with the Chairman of the Board and all other Board members. The annual report, including the notice of the Annual General Meeting, will be sent to all shareholders at least 21 days prior to the meeting.

### Share ownership and dealing

TVC has adopted a Share Dealing policy that complies with Rule 21 of the AIM Rules and Rule 21 of the ESM Rules relating to directors' dealings as applicable to AIM and ESM companies respectively. TVC takes all reasonable steps to ensure compliance by applicable employees.

### Directors' remuneration

Details of individual remuneration of directors for the year ended 31 March 2010 are set out in the table below.

	BASIC SALARY AND FEES €'000	PERFORMANCE BONUS €'000	PENSION COSTS €'000	OTHER BENEFITS €'000	TOTAL 2010 €'000	TOTAL 2009 €'000
Executive directors						
Shane Reihill [1]	266	-	-	-	266	336
John Tracey	235	-	14	6	255	318
Rory Quirke	188	-	-	-	188	235
	689	-	14	6	709	889
Non-executive direct	ors					
John B McGuckian	25	-		-	25	27
Gavin O'Reilly	25	-	-	-	25	27
Pádraig Ó Ríordáin	25	-	-	-	25	27
	75	-	=	=	75	81

<sup>(1)</sup> The services of the Company's Executive Chairman, Shane Reihill, are provided under the terms of a Management Services Agreement between the Company and BHR Limited. Management fees payable under this agreement for the year ended 31 March 2010 amounted to €241,000 (2009: €309,000). Further details are contained in note 25 to the financial statements.

A summary of share options granted to the directors and company secretary under the Company's share option plan is set out below. Details of the share option plan are contained in note 16 to the financial statements.

	DATE OF GRANT	NO. (	OF ORDINARY SHARES REPRESENTED BY THE OPTIONS	EXERCISE PRICE
Shane Reihill [1]	5 July 2007	11 July 2010 – 11 July 2017	1,137,517	€1.875
John Tracey	5 July 2007	11 July 2010 – 11 July 2017	1,137,517	€1.875
Rory Quirke	5 July 2007	11 July 2010 – 11 July 2017	1,516,689	€1.875
John Fagan	5 July 2007	11 July 2010 – 11 July 2017	568,758	€1.875

<sup>(1)</sup> The options set out in respect of Shane Reihill in this table are the options granted to BHR Limited (a company ultimately owned and controlled by Shane Reihill).

The options in the Company are subject to a three-year vesting period which commenced on 5 July 2007. No options were exercised or lapsed during the year.

# STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ANNUAL REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Group and Parent Company financial statements, in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare Group and Parent Company financial statements for each financial year.

As permitted by the law and as required by the ESM Rules issued by the Irish Stock Exchange and the AIM Rules issued by the London Stock Exchange, the directors have prepared the Group financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU and have elected to prepare the Parent Company financial statements in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU, as applied in accordance with the Companies Acts 1963 to 2009.

The Group financial statements are required by law and IFRSs as adopted by the EU to present fairly the financial position and performance of the Group. The Companies Acts 1963 to 2009 provide in relation to such financial statements that references in the relevant part of that Act to financial statements giving a true and fair view are references to their achieving a fair presentation. The Parent Company financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company.

In preparing each of the Group and Parent Company financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and the Parent Company will continue in business.

Under applicable law and the requirements of the ESM Rules issued by the Irish Stock Exchange and the AIM Rules issued by the London Stock Exchange, the directors are also responsible for preparing a Directors' Report and for making disclosures relating to directors' remuneration that comply with that law and those rules.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper books of account that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and Parent Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Acts 1963 to 2009. They are also responsible for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the Republic of Ireland governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

On behalf of the Board

Shane Reihill
Director

John Tracey
Director

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TVC HOLDINGS PLC

We have audited the Group and Parent Company financial statements (the "financial statements") of TVC Holdings plc for the year ended 31 March 2010 which comprise the Group Income Statement, the Group Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Group and Parent Company Statements of Financial Position, the Group and Parent Company Statements of Cash Flows, the Group and Parent Company Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 193 of the Companies Act 1990. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on pages 22 to 23.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Acts 1963 to 2009. We also report to you whether, in our opinion: proper books of account have been kept by the Company; whether, at the balance sheet date, there exists a financial situation requiring the convening of an extraordinary general meeting of the Company; and whether the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements. In addition, we state whether we have obtained all the information and explanations necessary for the purposes of our audit, and whether the Parent Company statement of financial position is in agreement with the books of account.

We also report to you if, in our opinion, any information specified by law or the ESM Rules of the Irish Stock Exchange or the AIM Rules of the London Stock Exchange regarding directors' remuneration and directors' transactions is not disclosed and, where practicable, include such information in our report.

We read the other information contained in the Annual Report and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. The other information comprises only the Executive Chairman's Statement, the Operating and Financial Review, the Directors' Report and the Directors' Statement on Corporate Governance. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Group's and Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion:

- the Group financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU, of the state of the Group's affairs as at 31 March 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the Parent Company financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU as applied in accordance with provisions of the Companies Acts 1963 to 2009, of the state of the Parent Company's affairs as at 31 March 2010; and
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Acts 1963 to 2009.

### Other matters

We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit. In our opinion proper books of account have been kept by the Company. The Parent Company statement of financial position is in agreement with the books of account.

In our opinion, the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

The net assets of the Company, as stated in the Parent Company statement of financial position, are more than half of the amount of its called-up share capital and, in our opinion, on that basis there did not exist at 31 March 2010 a financial situation which, under Section 40 (1) of the Companies (Amendment) Act 1983, would require the convening of an extraordinary general meeting of the Company.



Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor Dublin, 8 June 2010

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 31 March 2010

	NOTES	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
Non-current assets			
Investments – designated as FVTPL *			
Quoted equity investments		60,964	24,96
Unquoted equity investments		10,947	17,800
Loans and receivables		500	501
Total investment portfolio	1	72,411	43,268
Available-for-sale investments	2	-	10,23
Property, plant and equipment	4	8	42
Deferred consideration receivable	5	-	2,57
Total non-current assets		72,419	56,117
Current assets			
Available-for-sale investments	2	9,999	-
Other receivables	5	3,615	861
Cash and cash equivalents	6	18,518	20,846
Total current assets		32,132	21,70
Total assets		104,551	77,824
Current liabilities			
Bank overdraft		-	(58
Trade and other payables	7	(861)	(2,004
Current taxation payable		(81)	(188
Total current liabilities		(942)	(2,250
Net assets		103,609	75,574
Equity			
Shareholders' capital	8	1,011	1,011
Share premium		-	133,943
Share option reserve		1,391	1,000
Other reserves		1,981	2,18
Retained earnings		89,918	(69,492
Shareholders' equity		94,301	68,65
Non-controlling interest	9	9,308	6,923
Total equity		103,609	75,574

<sup>\*</sup> Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

On behalf of the Board

Shane ReihillJohn TraceyDirectorDirector

# CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

for the year ended 31 March 2010

		2010	2009
	NOTES	€,000	€,000
Net realised profits over opening value on			
the disposal of investments	11	851	1,875
Net unrealised profits/(losses) on the			
revaluation of investments	12	28,715	(66,558)
		29,566	(64,683)
Portfolio income			
Dividends		401	603
Fees receivable	13	456	154
Income from loans and receivables		-	187
Gross portfolio return		30,423	(63,739)
Operating expenses, net (including share-bas			
payment expenses of €0.4m (2009: €0.7m))	14	(2,731)	(3,805)
Net portfolio return		27,692	(67,544)
Finance income	17	664	1,075
Finance expense	17	(1)	[44]
Exchange movements	18	(29)	335
Profit/(loss) before tax		28,326	(66,178)
Income tax	19	(194)	(293)
Profit/(loss) after tax for the financial year		28,132	(66,471)
Attributable to:			
Equity holders		25,467	(58,912)
Non-controlling interest		2,665	(7,559)
		28,132	(66,471)
Earnings/(loss) per share			
Basic EPS (cent)	20	25	(58)
Diluted EPS (cent)	20	25	(58)

On behalf of the Board

Shane Reihill
Director

John Tracey
Director

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the year ended 31 March 2010

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
Profit/(loss) for the year	28,132	(66,471)
Other comprehensive income		
Change in fair value of available-for-sale investments	(237)	282
Total comprehensive income for the year	27,895	(66,189)
Attributable to:		
Equity holders	25,230	(58,630)
Non-controlling interest	2,665	(7,559)
Total comprehensive income for the year	27,895	(66,189)

On behalf of the Board

Shane Reihill Director

John Tracey Director

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the year ended 31 March 2010

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) for year before tax	28,326	(66,178)
Adjusted for:		
Depreciation	37	54
Unrealised (profits)/losses on the revaluation of investments	(28,715)	66,558
Realised profits over opening value on the disposal of investments	(851)	(1,875)
Exchange movements	29	(335)
Share-based payment expenses	420	724
Income from loans and receivables	-	(187)
Finance income	(664)	(1,075)
Finance expense	1	44
Purchase of investments	(443)	(31,589)
Proceeds from disposal of investments	866	16,418
Increase in other current assets	(177)	(101)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(1,139)	699
Tax paid	(305)	(25)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(2,615)	(16,868)
Cash flows from investing activities	/20	1 1 / 1
Interest received	629	1,141
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(3)	(27)
Net cash inflow from investing activities	626	1,114
Cash flows from financing activities		
Interest paid	(1)	(44)
Contributions from non-controlling interest	581	1,294
Distributions to non-controlling interest	(861)	(2,482)
Net cash outflow from financing activities	(281)	(1,232)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,270)	(16,986)
Opening cash and cash equivalents	20,788	37,774
Closing cash and cash equivalents	18,518	20,788
Closing cash and cash equivalents is comprised of:	10.510	00.044
Cash at bank and short-term deposits	18,518	20,846
Bank overdraft	10 510	(58)
	18,518	20,78

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

for the year ended 31 March 2010

	ORDINARY SHARES NO.	ORDINARY SHARES €'000	SHARE PREMIUM €'000	SHARE OPTION RESERVE €'000	OTHER RESERVES €'000	RETAINED EARNINGS €'000	RETAINED SHAREHOLDERS' EARNINGS EQUITY €'000	NON CONTROLLING INTEREST €.000	TOTAL €'000
Balance at 1 April 2008	101,112,579	1,011	133,146	430	1,753	(10,580)	125,760	15,670	15,670 141,430
Loss for the year	1	1	1	1	ı	(58,912)	(58,912)	(7,559)	(7,559) <b>(66,471)</b>
other comprehensive income Change in fair value of available-for-sale investments	1	1	1	1	282	1	282	1	282
Total comprehensive income for the year	I	1	ı	1	282	(58,912)	[28,630]	(7,559)	(68,189)
Reversal of costs previously recognised in share premium	ı	1	797	ı	1	ı	797	ı	797
Net distributions to non-controlling interest	ı	1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	[1,188]	(1,188)
Share-based payments	ı	ı	ı	573	151	ı	724	ı	724
Balance at 31 March 2009	101,112,579	1,011	133,943	1,003	2,186	(69,492)	68,651	6,923	75,574
Profit for the year	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	25,467	25,467	2,665	28,132
Other comprehensive income									
Change in fair value of available-for-sale investments	ı	1	ı	1	[237]	ı	(237)	ı	(237)
Total comprehensive income for the year	1	1	I	1	(237)	25,467	25,230	2,665	27,895
Reduction of share premium	ı	1	(156,627)	1	1	156,627	1	1	1
Re-classification of reverse acquisition deficit	ı	1	22,684	1	1	(22,684)	1	1	1
Net distributions to non-controlling interest	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	(280)	(280)
Share-based payments	1	1	1	388	32	1	420	1	420
Balance at 31 March 2010	101,112,579	1,011	•	1,391	1,981	89,918	94,301	806'6	9,308 103,609

30 July 2009. As a result, the entire amount of the share premium account, amounting to €156.6 million, was cancelled and this amount was credited to revenue reserves thereby Following the passing of a special resolution at TVC's 2009 Annual General Meeting, the High Court confirmed the reduction of the Company's share premium account on eliminating the Group's accumulated deficit

For presentation purposes, the deficit on the reverse acquisition reserve, which arose on the acquisition of Trinity Venture Capital Limited by TVC in July 2007 and which had previously been offset against the Company's share premium account, has been offset against the Group's retained earnings in the consolidated financial statements.

# COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION as at 31 March 2010

	NOTES	2010 €′000	2009 €'000
Non-current assets			
Investments – designated as FVTPL *			
Quoted equity investments		23,855	11,247
Loans and receivables		500	500
Total investment portfolio	1	24,355	11,747
Available-for-sale investments	2	-	10,236
Investments in subsidiaries	3	54,163	38,723
Deferred consideration receivable	5	-	2,100
Total non-current assets		78,518	62,806
Current assets			
Available-for-sale investments	2	9,999	-
Other receivables	5	2,690	4,878
Cash and cash equivalents	6	4,488	1,217
Total current assets		17,177	6,095
Total assets		95,695	68,901
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	(1,362)	(250)
Current taxation payable		(32)	-
Total current liabilities		(1,394)	(250)
Net assets		94,301	68,651
Equity			
Shareholders' capital	8	1,011	1,011
Share premium		-	156,627
Share option reserve		1,391	1,003
Other reserves		468	673
Retained earnings		91,431	(90,663)
Shareholders' equity		94,301	68,651

<sup>\*</sup> Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

On behalf of the Board

Shane Reihill Director

John Tracey Director

# COMPANY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 31 March 2010

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) for year before tax	25,467	(69,944)
Adjusted for:		
Unrealised (profits)/losses on the revaluation of investments	(27,338)	68,462
Realised profits over opening value on the disposal of investments	(695)	(1,530)
Exchange movements	19	(271)
Share-based payment expenses	282	453
Income from loans and receivables	-	(153)
Finance income	(390)	(708)
Purchase of investments	-	(27,279)
Investment in subsidiary	(572)	(3,302)
Distributions received from subsidiary	3,832	11,071
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	1,165	(1,154)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	1,147	(3,024)
Tax paid	(1)	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	2,916	(27,379)
Cash flows from investing activities		55.4
Interest received	355	774
Net cash inflow from investing activities	355	774
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,271	(26,605)
Opening cash and cash equivalents	1,217	27,822
Closing cash and cash equivalents	4,488	1,217

# COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

for the year ended 31 March 2010

	ORDINARY SHARES NO.	ORDINARY SHARES €'000	SHARE PREMIUM €'000	SHARE OPTION RESERVE €'000	OTHER RESERVES €'000	RETAINED EARNINGS €'000	TOTAL €'000
Balance at 1 April 2008	101,112,579	1,011	155,830	430	240	(20,719)	136,792
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income Change in fair value of	-	-	-	-	-	(69,944)	(69,944
available-for-sale investments	-	-	-	-	282	-	282
Total comprehensive income for the year	: -	-	-	-	282	(69,944)	(69,662)
Reversal of costs previously recognised in share premium	-	-	797	-	-	-	797
Share-based payments	-	-	-	573	151	-	724
Balance at 31 March 2009	101,112,579	1,011	156,627	1,003	673	(90,663)	68,651
Profit for the year  Other comprehensive income Change in fair value of	-	-	-	-	-	25,467	25,467
available-for-sale investments	5 -	-	-	-	(237)	-	(237)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	(237)	25,467	25,230
Reduction of share premium	-	-	(156,627)	-	-	156,627	-
Share-based payments	-	-	-	388	32	-	420
Balance at 31 March 2010	101,112,579	1,011	-	1,391	468	91,431	94,301

Following the passing of a special resolution at TVC's 2009 Annual General Meeting, the High Court confirmed the reduction of the Company's share premium account on 30 July 2009. As a result, the entire amount of the share premium account, amounting to €156.6 million, was cancelled and this amount was credited to revenue reserves thereby eliminating the Company's accumulated deficit.

# SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

TVC Holdings plc ("TVC" or the "Company") is a company domiciled and incorporated in Ireland. The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010 comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group").

The individual and consolidated financial statements of the Company were authorised for issue by the directors on 8 June 2010.

### Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU which comprise standards and interpretations approved by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The individual financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU, as applied in accordance with the Companies Acts 1963 to 2009 which permit a company that publishes its group and company financial statements together to take advantage of the exemption in Section 148(8) of the Companies Act 1963 from presenting to its members its company income statement, statement of comprehensive income and related notes that form part of the approved company financial statements.

### Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Euro rounded to the nearest thousand, being the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The accounting policies have been consistently applied by all Group companies to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on an historical cost basis except for the following:

- Quoted and unquoted investments are designated at fair value through profit or loss:
- · Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value; and
- Share-based payments are measured at fair value.

### (i) Application of new accounting standards

The financial information contained in the consolidated financial statements has been prepared on a consistent basis and using the same accounting policies as those applied in the previous financial year except as follows:

### (a) Presentation of financial statements

The Group has applied revised IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements (2007)', which became effective on 1 January 2009. As a result, the Group has presented a consolidated income statement and a consolidated statement of comprehensive income as two separate statements. Comparative information has been re-presented so that it is also in conformity with the revised standard. As the adoption of this revised standard only impacts presentation aspects, there is no impact on earnings per share.

### Basis of preparation (continued)

### (b) IFRS 8 'Operating Segments'

This new standard became effective on 1 January 2009. It requires segment information to be presented based on the information that is provided internally to the Group's chief operating decision maker. As the segmental information presented in the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009 was consistent with the Group's internal analysis of its investment portfolio, no adjustment to the Group's segmental reporting was required.

### (c) Disclosures pertaining to fair values and liquidity risk for financial instruments

The Group has applied amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments', issued in March 2009, that require enhanced disclosures about fair value measurements and liquidity risk in respect of financial instruments.

The amendments require that fair value measurement disclosures use a three-level fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in measuring fair values of financial instruments. Specific disclosures are required when fair value measurements are categorised as Level 3 (significant unobservable inputs) in the fair value hierarchy. The amendments require that any significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy be disclosed separately, distinguishing between transfers into and out of each level. Furthermore, changes in valuation techniques from one period to another, including the reasons therefor, are required to be disclosed for each class of financial instruments. Revised disclosures in respect of fair values of financial instruments are included in note 22.

The amendments to IFRS 7 also clarify the requirements for liquidity risk disclosures with respect to derivative transactions and assets used for liquidity management. These amendments had no impact on the Group's financial statements.

#### Basis of preparation (continued)

#### (ii) New IFRS standards and interpretations not applied

IFRSs that were adopted by the EU and that were effective for the year ended 31 March 2010 have been applied in the preparation of the Group and Company financial statements. The IASB and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) have issued additional standards and interpretations which are effective for periods starting after 1 April 2009, some of which have not yet been endorsed by the EU. The following standards and interpretations have yet to be adopted by the Group:

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL R	EPORTING STANDARDS (IFRS/IAS)	EFFECTIVE DATE
IFRS 2 (amendment)	Group Cash-Settled Share-based Payment Transactions	1 January 2010
IFRS 3 (revised)	Business Combinations	1 July 2009
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments	1 January 2013 (EU endorsement postponed)
IAS 24 (revised)	Related Party Disclosures	1 January 2011 (not endorsed by the EU)
IAS 27 (amendment)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements	1 July 2009
IAS 32 (amendment)	Classification of Rights Issues	1 February 2010
IAS 39 (amendment)	Eligible Hedged Items	1 July 2009
IFRS Improvements Project 2009		Not before 1 July 2009
IFRIC INTERPRETATIONS		EFFECTIVE DATE
IFRIC 14 (amendment)	Prepayment of a Minimum Funding Requirement	1 January 2011
IFRIC 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners	1 July 2009
IFRIC 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments	1 July 2010 (not endorsed by the EU)

Unless stated, the standards and interpretations listed above have been endorsed by the EU. The standards and interpretations addressed above will be applied for the purposes of the Group financial statements with effect from the dates listed. The Group does not anticipate that the adoption of these standards and interpretations will have a material effect on its financial statements on initial adoption.

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiaries.

The Company was established in 2007 to acquire 100% of the share capital of Trinity Venture Capital Limited ("TVCL") and 19 of the 22 Limited Partners' interests in Trinity Venture Fund 1 ("Fund 1") and Trinity Venture Fund 2 ("Fund 2") (together "the Funds"). The remaining 3 Limited Partners in the Funds constitute the non-controlling interest of TVC Holdings plc.

#### (i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefit from its activities. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

#### (ii) Associates

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control, over the entities' financial and operating policies. Investments that are held as part of the Group's investment portfolio are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value through profit or loss even though the Group may have significant influence over those companies. This treatment is permitted by International Accounting Standard 28, 'Investments in Associates' ("IAS 28"), which requires investments held by venture capital organisations to be excluded from its scope where those investments are designated, upon initial recognition, as at fair value through profit or loss and accounted for in accordance with IAS 39, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss on the same basis as all other investments in its venture capital investment portfolio. The Group has no interests in associates through which it carries on its business.

#### (iii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intragroup balances and any unrealised gains and losses or income and expenses arising from intragroup transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Exchange differences**

Transactions in currencies different from Euro, Euro being the functional currency of all Group entities, are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated into Euro at the exchange rate ruling at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the income statement. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated to Euro using exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value is determined.

#### Investment portfolio

The Group's return is generated primarily from its investment portfolio, which forms the principal element of its total assets. The Group's investment portfolio includes quoted and unquoted equity investments and also unquoted loan assets.

#### (i) Recognition and measurement

Investments (including loans and receivables) are recognised and de-recognised on the date when the purchase or sale of an investment is under a contract whose terms require the delivery or settlement of the investment. The Group manages its investment portfolio with a view to profiting from a total return from these assets, including the receipt of interest and dividends and changes in fair value of investments. Therefore, all quoted and unquoted investments are designated at fair value through profit or loss and recorded at the fair value of the consideration given. Acquisition costs that are directly attributed to investments are recognised immediately in profit or loss. At each subsequent reporting period, all investments are re-measured to fair value by applying the valuation methodologies as described in note 22 to the financial statements.

#### (ii) Income

Gross portfolio return is equivalent to "revenue" for the purposes of IAS 1 except that it is net of deal-related costs. It represents the overall increase or decrease in net assets from the investment portfolio net of deal-related costs. Investment income is analysed into the following components:

- (a) Net realised profits over opening value on the disposal of investments is the difference between the fair value of the consideration received on the sale of investments, less any directly attributable disposal costs, and its carrying fair value at the start of the reporting period, converted into Euro using the exchange rates in force at the date of disposal.
- (b) Net unrealised profits/(losses) on the revaluation of investments is the movement in carrying fair value of investments between the start and end of the reporting period converted into Euro using the exchange rates in force at the date of the movement.
- (c) Portfolio income is that portion of income that is directly related to the return from individual investments. It is recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be economic benefit and the income can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must be met before the income is recognised:
  - Fee income earned directly from investee companies is recognised as services are provided; and
  - Dividends from equity investments are recognised in the income statement when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

#### Available-for-sale investments

Investments classified as available-for-sale are stated at their fair value at the reporting date. Movements in fair value are recorded in other comprehensive income until the asset is disposed of unless there is deemed to be an impairment on the original cost in which case the loss is immediately reclassified to the income statement. Upon disposal the fair value movement in shareholders' equity is reclassified from other comprehensive income to the income statement. Interest income from investments is recognised as it accrues on an effective interest rate basis. Available-for-sale investments are quoted in an active market and are valued based on closing bid price.

#### Investments in subsidiaries

The Company recognises its investments in subsidiaries at fair value as all of the investments held by the subsidiaries are carried at fair value.

#### Carried interest payable

The current and former executives and directors of TVCL (a 100% owned subsidiary of the Company) have been incentivised in assembling and building the value of the Funds by a performance-based payment scheme. This performance-based payment is referred to as "Carried Interest" or "Carry". It is calculated by reference to the value of the Funds and to the achievement of pre-defined performance conditions. At each reporting date, the performance of the Funds is measured and, where an obligation to pay Carry arises, an accrual for this liability is made.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method based on the following estimated useful lives:

Computer equipment 2 years
Office equipment 4 years

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and short-term bank deposits with a maturity of three months or less.

#### **Employee benefits**

#### (i) Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are charged as an expense in the income statement as they fall due.

#### (ii) Share-based payments - equity settled

In accordance with IFRS 2, 'Share-based payments', the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees and executive directors is measured by reference to the fair value at the date on which they are granted and is recognised as an expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the vesting period, which ends on the date on which the relevant persons become fully entitled to the award.

#### Employee benefits (continued)

The fair value of options granted is determined using an appropriate valuation model excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. At each reporting date, the Company will revise its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the income statement, and a corresponding adjustment to equity over the remaining vesting period.

#### Other liabilities

Liabilities, other than those specifically accounted for under a separate policy, are stated based on the amounts which are considered to be payable in respect of goods or services received up to the reporting date. As these other liabilities are due for payment within one year, they have not been discounted.

#### **Equity instruments issued**

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds or fair value received with the excess of the amount received over nominal value being credited to the share premium account. Direct issue costs are deducted from share premium.

#### Income tax

Income tax recognised in the income statement for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to other comprehensive income or equity, in which case the tax is also dealt with in other comprehensive income or equity respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustments to tax payable in respect of prior years.

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, except to the extent that temporary differences arise on goodwill not deductible for tax purposes or the initial recognition of assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting or taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

#### Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires directors to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The areas involving a high degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions or estimates are significant to the Group's financial statements, include:

#### (i) Investment portfolio valuation

There is significant judgement involved in determining the fair value of unquoted investments. Details of the Group's portfolio valuation methodology are included in note 22 to the financial statements.

#### (ii) Share option plan

The Company grants share options to certain employees and executive directors. The fair value of the options granted is estimated as of the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Details of the share option plan and the valuation assumptions used are outlined in note 16 to the financial statements.

#### 1 INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

	GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
	EQUITY INVESTMENTS €'000	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES €'000	TOTAL €'000	EQUITY INVESTMENTS €'000	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES €'000	TOTAL €'000
Year to 31 March 2010						
At 1 April 2009	42,768	500	43,268	11,247	500	11,747
Additions	443	-	443	-	-	-
Disposals, repayments	(15)	-	(15)	-	-	-
Revaluation	28,144	-	28,144	12,001	-	12,001
Exchange movements	571	-	571	607	-	607
At 31 March 2010	71,911	500	72,411	23,855	500	24,355
Quoted	60,964	-	60,964	23,855	-	23,855
Unquoted	10,947	500	11,447	-	500	500
Year to 31 March 2009						
At 1 April 2008	72,252	19,639	91,891	319	10,000	10,319
Additions	28,941	2,648	31,589	27,279	-	27,279
Transfers	556	(556)	-	-	-	-
Disposals, repayments	(12,019)	(1,635)	(13,654)	-	-	-
Revaluation	(46,071)	(19,643)	(65,714)	(14,305)	(9,500)	(23,805)
Exchange movements	(891)	47	(844)	(2,046)	-	(2,046)
At 31 March 2009	42,768	500	43,268	11,247	500	11,747
Quoted	24,965	-	24,965	11,247	-	11,247
Unquoted	17,803	500	18,303	-	500	500

The holding period of the investment portfolio is on average greater than one year. For this reason, the directors have classified the portfolio as non-current. It is not possible to identify with certainty investments that will be sold within one year.

Equity investments comprise both ordinary shares and preferred shares. Loans and receivables comprise loan notes and non equity preferred shares provided to investee companies. Loans are made on an arm's length basis as part of an overall investment and interest rates are established by reference to interest rates at the date the loan is granted. Interest rates on loans outstanding are between 8% and 10%. There are no fixed pre-determined repayment dates attaching to these loans as the repayment of the loans can depend on a number of factors which could include the realisation of the Group's investment. Note 21 sets out the details on how the Group manages the risks associated with the above investments.

#### 2 AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS - GROUP AND COMPANY

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
At beginning of year	10,236	9,954
Revaluation	(237)	282
At end of year	9,999	10,236

The available-for-sale investments represent investments in German government fixed rate Euro bonds with a maturity date in April 2010.

#### 3 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES - COMPANY

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
At beginning of year	38,723	89,705
Advances during year	572	3,302
Disposals, repayments during year	-	(11,945)
Revaluation	14,730	(42,610)
Capital contribution in respect of equity-settled		
transactions relating to TVC Holdings plc shares	138	271
At end of year	54,163	38,723

In accordance with IFRS 2, the fair value amount of share-based compensation that has been charged in the income statement of Trinity Venture Capital Limited is treated as a non-refundable contribution to subsidiaries and added to the investment in subsidiaries in the Company's accounts.

The Company had the following subsidiaries at 31 March 2010:

NAME	ISSUED AND FULLY PAID SHARE CAPITAL	HELD BY COMPANY	HELD BY SUBSIDIARY	PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY
Trinity Venture Capital Limited	2 shares of €1	100%		Manager Funds 1 & 2
Trinity Venture Fund 1	€2,920 fixed capital contribution in a limited partnership	77.8%		Limited partnership
Trinity Venture Fund 2	€2,349 fixed capital contribution in a limited partnership	81.7%		Limited partnership
Picco Limited	1 share of €1		100%	General partner Fund 2
Listnal Limited	1 share of €1		100%	General partner Fund 1
Trinity Venture Capital Nominees Limited	2 shares of €1		100%	Nominee company
Gimbet Limited	10,000 A ordinary shares of €0.01 10,000 ordinary shares of €0.01		100%	Special limited partner Fund 2

Each of the above subsidiary undertakings is incorporated and registered in the Republic of Ireland and is included in the consolidated accounts of the Group.

#### 4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - GROUP

	LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS €'000	COMPUTER EQUIPMENT €'000	OFFICE EQUIPMENT €'000	TOTAL €'000
Year to 31 March 2010				
Cost				
At 1 April 2009	201	346	63	610
Additions	-	3	-	3
At 31 March 2010	201	349	63	613
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 April 2009	198	313	57	568
Charge for the year	3	31	3	37
At 31 March 2010	201	344	60	605
Net book value at 31 March 2010	-	5	3	8

	LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS €'000	COMPUTER EQUIPMENT €'000	OFFICE EQUIPMENT €'000	TOTAL €'000
Year to 31 March 2009				
Cost				
At 1 April 2008	196	324	63	583
Additions	5	22	-	27
At 31 March 2009	201	346	63	610
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 April 2008	196	263	55	514
Charge for the year	2	50	2	54
At 31 March 2009	198	313	57	568
Net book value at 31 March 2009	3	33	6	42

#### 5 OTHER RECEIVABLES

	GROUP 2010 €'000	GROUP 2009 €'000	COMPANY 2010 €'000	COMPANY 2009 €'000
Non-current				
Deferred consideration receivable	-	2,571	-	2,100
Current				
Prepayments	49	74	36	38
Amounts owed by subsidiary	-	-	-	4,455
Other receivables	620	787	413	385
VAT recoverable	408	-	168	-
Deferred consideration receivable	2,538	-	2,073	-
	3,615	861	2,690	4,878

Deferred consideration receivable relates to that portion of the proceeds from investments that have been sold which is held in escrow for an agreed period of time.

#### 6 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY
	2010 €'000	2009 €'000	2010 €′000	2009 €'000
Cash at bank	153	89	18	32
Short term bank deposits	18,365	20,757	4,470	1,185
	18,518	20,846	4,488	1,217

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash at bank and short term bank deposits with a maturity of three months or less.

At 31 March 2010, cash and cash equivalents include bank balances held by Fund 2 of €37,000 (2009: €942,000) which may only be used to make distributions to Limited Partners, representing the non-controlling interest of the Group, or to pay fund expenses in accordance with the terms of the partnership agreements between TVCL and the Limited Partners.

#### 7 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	GROUP 2010 €'000	GROUP 2009 €'000	COMPANY 2010 €'000	COMPANY 2009 €'000
Accounts payable	103	122	37	-
Amounts owed to subsidiary	-	-	1,168	-
Accruals	655	319	157	120
Other payables	44	1,371	-	-
VAT, PAYE and social welfare	59	192	-	130
	861	2,004	1,362	250

The amounts owed to subsidiary are non interest bearing and are repayable on demand.

#### 8 SHARE CAPITAL

	2010 €′000	2009 €'000
Authorised:		
10,000,000,000 ordinary shares of €0.01	100,000	100,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
101,112,579 ordinary shares of €0.01	1,011	1,011

#### 9 NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
At beginning of year	6,923	15,670
Share of profit/(loss) for the year	2,665	(7,559)
Net distributions for the year	(280)	(1,188)
At end of year	9,308	6,923

The non-controlling interest relates to the three remaining external limited partners in the Funds.

#### 10 SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

Segmental information is presented in respect of the Group's investment portfolio based on whether the investee company is quoted or unquoted. Quoted investments are further categorised as between Norkom Group plc and UTV Media plc. The Group has only one reportable geographical segment as its investments are all located in the Island of Ireland. The segmental information presented is consistent with the Group's internal analysis of its investment portfolio.

	NORKOM GROUP PLC €'000	UTV MEDIA PLC €'000	UNQUOTED INVESTMENTS €'000	TOTAL
Year to 31 March 2010				
Gross portfolio return				
Net realised profits over opening value on the disposal of investments	_	-	851	851
Net unrealised profits/(losses) on the				
revaluation of investments	23,619	12,380	(7,284)	28,715
Portfolio income	190	408	259	857
	23,809	12,788	(6,174)	30,423
Net (investment)/divestment				
Realisation proceeds (including				
income from loan instruments)	-	-	866	866
New investment	-	-	(443)	(443)
	-	-	423	423
Statement of financial position				
Value of investment portfolio at end of year	37,471	23,493	11,447	72,411
	NORKOM GROUP PLC €'000	UTV MEDIA PLC €'000	UNQUOTED INVESTMENTS €'000	TOTAL €'000

	GROUP PLC €'000	MEDIA PLC €'000	INVESTMENTS €'000	TOTAL €'000
Year to 31 March 2009				
Gross portfolio return				
Net realised profits over opening value on the disposal of investments	-	-	1,875	1,875
Net unrealised losses on				
the revaluation of investments	(19,026)	(16,166)	(31,366)	(66,558)
Portfolio income	90	478	376	944
	(18,936)	(15,688)	(29,115)	(63,739)
Net (investment)/divestment				
Realisation proceeds (including				
income from loan instruments)	-	-	15,716	15,716
New investment	-	(27,279)	(4,310)	(31,589)
	-	(27,279)	11,406	(15,873)
Statement of financial position				
Value of investment portfolio at end of year	13,852	11,113	18,303	43,268

#### 11 NET REALISED PROFITS OVER OPENING VALUE ON THE DISPOSAL OF INVESTMENTS

	EQUITY €'000	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES €'000	TOTAL €'000
Year to 31 March 2010			
Net proceeds	697	169	866
Valuation of disposed investments	(15)	-	(15)
Total net realised profits over value	682	169	851

	EQUITY €'000	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES €'000	TOTAL €'000
Year to 31 March 2009			
Net proceeds	14,153	1,376	15,529
Valuation of disposed investments	(12,019)	(1,635)	(13,654)
Total net realised profits/(losses) over value	2,134	(259)	1,875

#### 12 NET UNREALISED PROFITS/(LOSSES) ON THE REVALUATION OF INVESTMENTS

	EQUITY €'000	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES €'000	TOTAL €'000
Year to 31 March 2010			
Movement in fair value	28,144	-	28,144
Effect of foreign exchange movements	571	-	571
Total net unrealised profits on the revaluation			
of investments	28,715	-	28,715

	EQUITY €'000	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES €'000	TOTAL €'000
Year to 31 March 2009			
Movement in fair value	(46,071)	(19,643)	(65,714)
Effect of foreign exchange movements	(891)	47	(844)
Total net unrealised losses on the revaluation			
of investments	(46,962)	(19,596)	(66,558)

The impact of the change in the credit quality of the Group's loans and receivables is set out above. Details of the Group's policy on managing the risks associated with the investments are set out in note 21 to the financial statements.

#### 13 FEES RECEIVABLE

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
Fees receivable	456	282
Deal-related costs	-	(128)
	456	154

Fees receivable include fees arising from the ongoing management of the portfolio together with fees arising from making investments. Deal-related costs represent fees incurred in the process of acquiring or disposing of an investment.

#### 14 OPERATING EXPENSES, NET

Operating expenses include the following amounts:

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	37	54
Operating lease rentals	211	217
Auditor's remuneration	79	96
Auditor's remuneration for non-audit services	69	158
VAT recoverable in respect of previous years	(479)	-

Details of directors' remuneration and interests in share options are set out on pages 20 to 21.

#### 15 EMPLOYEE COSTS

The aggregate employee costs of the Group are analysed as follows:

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
Wages and salaries	1,312	1,186
Social welfare costs	103	135
Pension costs	29	16
Share-based payments (note 16)	420	724
	1,864	2,061

The average weekly number of employees, including executive directors, during the year was as follows:

	2010 No.	2009 No.
Management and administration	10	10

#### 16 SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

#### Share option plans

The Company operates an equity-settled share option plan under which it grants share options to certain employees and executive directors. In July 2007, 5,877,170 share options were granted. There were no share options granted since that date.

The fair value of services received in return for share options granted is measured by reference to the fair value of share options granted. The fair value of the options granted in July 2007 was estimated as of the date of the grant based on the Black-Scholes option-pricing model and using the following assumptions:

Weighted average share price (€) 1.50
Weighted average exercise price (€) 1.875
Expected life 5 years
Expected volatility 21%
Expected dividend yield 0%
Risk-free rate 4.776%
Fair value per option (€) 0.29

As the Company's shares had only been listed since July 2007, the Company determined expected volatility by considering the share price volatility, over a five-year period, of a group of comparable US and UK listed companies. The risk-free interest rate assumption was based upon observed interest rates appropriate for the term of the share options.

The total fair value of the options granted in July 2007 was estimated to be €1,719,000. These options can be exercised at the end of a three-year service period. 758,344 options were forfeited during the year. No options were exercised or lapsed during the current or prior year. The Company recognised an expense of €388,000 relating to share options during the year ended 31 March 2010 (2009: €573,000).

#### Cash-settled share-based payment

In 2006 and 2007, B ordinary shares in Trinity Venture Capital Limited ("TVCL") were issued to certain of the Group's key executives. The B ordinary shares entitled the holders to a portion of the fair value of the net assets of TVCL over a specified threshold. The B ordinary shares did not entitle the holders to vote and they were subject to a three to four year vesting period which commenced on 1 January 2006.

In accordance with IFRS 2, the Group recorded these transactions as cash-settled share-based payments and measured the liability at fair value at the settlement date. On 5 July 2007, the liability for the vested B ordinary shares was settled through the issue of ordinary shares in the Company in exchange for the vested B ordinary shares at that date. The liability at that date in relation to partially vested B ordinary shares was settled by an issue of equity as part of the replacement of the old cash-settled scheme with a new equity-settled arrangement based on the shares of the Company as described below.

#### Equity-settled share-based payment

On 5 July 2007, ordinary shares in the Company were issued in exchange for the unvested portion of B ordinary shares in TVCL. The shares in the Company were subject to a two to three year vesting period which ended on 31 December 2009.

In accordance with IFRS 2, the Company recorded this transaction as an equity-settled share-based payment. The fair value of the shares issued was measured at 5 July 2007 and was expensed over the vesting periods, with a corresponding entry in equity. In the year ended 31 March 2010, the amount charged to the income statement was &32,000 [2009: &151,000].

#### 17 FINANCIAL INCOME AND EXPENSE

#### Recognised in profit or loss

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
Finance income		
Interest income on bank deposits	339	750
Interest income on available-for-sale investments	325	325
	664	1,075
Finance expense		
Interest payable on bank overdrafts	(1)	(44)
Net finance income	663	1,031

#### Recognised directly in other comprehensive income

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
Net change in fair value of available-for-sale investments		
recognised in other reserves	(237)	282

#### 18 EXCHANGE MOVEMENTS

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
Exchange movements on monetary items denominated		
in currencies different from the functional currency of		
the Company, other than investments	(29)	335

#### 19 INCOME TAX

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
Current tax		
Corporation tax on profit/(loss) for the year	194	293

#### Reconciliation of effective tax rate

The tax charge for the year is different to the standard rate of corporation tax in the Republic of Ireland, currently 12.5% (2009: 12.5%), and the differences are explained below:

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
Profit/(loss) before tax	28,326	(66,178)
Taxation based on Irish corporation tax rate	3,541	(8,272)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	540	7,746
Income and gains not taxable	(3,554)	(178)
Income and gains taxed at higher rate	-	52
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	-	3
Other timing differences	-	(5)
Other		
Non-controlling interest's share of (profits)/losses of the Funds not (taxable)/allowable	(333)	945
Income tax expense	194	293

Under taxation legislation in the Republic of Ireland, Fund 1 and Fund 2 do not constitute separate taxable entities and, accordingly, no provision for taxation has been made in these financial statements. The directors have assessed the impact of deferred taxation to be immaterial to the financial statements.

#### 20 EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

	2010	2009
Earnings/(loss) per share (cent)		
Basic & diluted	25	(58)
Earnings/(loss) (€'000)		
Profit/(loss) for the year - basic & diluted	25,467	(58,912)
Number of shares (Number)		
Weighted average number of shares in issue		
- basic & diluted	101,112,579	101,112,579

Basic earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares during the year.

Diluted earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares adjusted for the effect of all potentially dilutive shares and instruments, including share options. The exercise price of all share options exceeded the average price of ordinary shares during the year. Accordingly, the share options do not have a dilutive effect and are therefore excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation. In the comparative period, the effect of share options is anti-dilutive and therefore excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation.

#### 21 FINANCIAL RISK

The Group is exposed to a variety of financial and market risks including investment portfolio valuation risk, foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. Details of the Group's financial risk management policies and its sensitivities to these risks are set out below.

#### Investment portfolio valuation risk

The value of quoted investments is directly related to the relevant market and so is subject to price risk. The valuation of unquoted investments depends upon a combination of market factors and the performance of the underlying asset. The Group does not hedge the price risk inherent in the portfolio but manages asset performance risk on an asset-specific basis through board representation and by ensuring full and timely access to relevant financial and other information. Loans and receivables included in the investment portfolios of both the Group and the Company are managed as part of the overall management of each individual equity investment.

#### Sensitivity analysis for investment portfolio

An increase of 10% in the fair value of investments at the reporting date would have increased profit (2009: decreased loss) by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign exchange rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2009.

	GROUP PI	ROFIT OR LOSS	COMPANY PR	OFIT OR LOSS
	2010 €'000	2009 €'000	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
Quoted investments	6,096	2,497	2,385	1,125
Unquoted investments	1,145	1,830	50	50
Total	7,241	4,327	2,435	1,175

#### 21 FINANCIAL RISK (continued)

A decrease of 10% in the fair value of the investments at the reporting date would have had an equal but opposite effect to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

#### Investment concentration risk

At 31 March 2010, the Group had two quoted investments which had a valuation of €61.0 million and five unquoted investments with a valuation of €11.4 million, further details of which are contained in note 10. The Group's portfolio is subject to regular reviews by management in order to monitor exposure to any one sector and to monitor the exposure to larger investments. All of the Group's investments are located in Ireland. However, it is considered that this does not give rise to concentration of risk due to the international focus of the majority of the investee companies.

#### Foreign currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on some of its investments which are denominated in a foreign currency. In addition, deferred consideration receivable is denominated in US Dollars. The Group reviews its foreign currency exposure on a regular basis and does not currently hedge its foreign currency exposure.

The net exposure in the statement of financial position (the "net asset exposure") comprises the foreign currency exposure on all monetary assets and liabilities and also non-monetary assets. The exposure to foreign currency risk at the reporting date was as follows:

	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY
	GBP £'000	USD \$'000	GBP £'000	USD \$'000
31 March 2010				
Net asset exposure	20.959	9.129	20,904	2,795
	,	/ , · = /	20,704	2,775
31 March 2009	20,707	7,127	20,704	2,770

The net asset exposure includes investments in non-monetary assets which are fair valued through profit or loss.

The following significant exchange rates applied during the year:

	AVERAGE RATE		REPORTING D	ATE SPOT RATE
	2010	2009	2010	2009
€1 = GBP	0.8237	0.8333	0.8898	0.9308
€1 = USD	1.4145	1.4231	1.3479	1.3308

#### Sensitivity analysis

A 10% strengthening of the Euro against the following currencies at the reporting date would have decreased profit (2009: increased loss) by the amounts shown below based on the net asset exposure as defined above. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2009.

	GROUP P	GROUP PROFIT OR LOSS		OFIT OR LOSS
	2010 €′000	2009 €'000	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
GBP	(2,355)	(1,117)	(2,349)	(1,111)
USD	(677)	(979)	(207)	(398)

A 10% weakening of the Euro against the above currencies at the reporting date would have had an equal but opposite effect to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

#### 21 FINANCIAL RISK (continued)

#### Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates arises from its short term deposit accounts. The Group regularly reviews the deposit interest rates available from a number of financial institutions for a range of maturity dates. Available cash and cash equivalents are placed on deposit for varying periods of less than three months, depending on the Group's cash requirements and market conditions. Details of short term deposits are contained in note 6 to the financial statements.

#### Cash flow sensitivity for short term deposits

The impact of a movement in interest rates is relatively small. An increase of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date, based on the short term deposits held at that date, would have increased profit or decreased loss by  $\[ \le 184,000 \]$  (2009:  $\[ \le 171,000 \]$ ) for the Group and by  $\[ \le 45,000 \]$  (2009:  $\[ \le 12,000 \]$ ) for the Company. A decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have had an equal but opposite effect to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

Interest rate risk and other financial risks in respect of the loans and receivables included in the investment portfolios of both the Group and the Company are managed as part of the overall management of each individual equity investment. Details of risk on the Group's loans and receivables to investee companies are set out on page 52.

#### Liquidity risk

The Group invests from its own resources using its core funding and cash generated from its investing activities. The funding policy of the Group is to ensure that it has adequate funding in place ahead of planned investment. The Board regularly reviews the Group's liquidity and financial resources. At 31 March 2010, the Group's principal source of liquidity was its cash and cash equivalents and available-for-sale investments which in total amounted to €28.5 million (2009: €31.0 million).

All of the financial liabilities of both the Group and the Company at the reporting date had contractual maturities of less than twelve months.

#### Credit risk

The Group is subject to credit risk on its loans, receivables, cash deposits and available-for-sale investments.

TVC's financial assets include unsecured investments in unquoted companies. Credit risk and other financial risks in respect of the loans and receivables included in the investment portfolios of both the Group and the Company are managed on an asset-specific basis by key executives as part of the overall management of each individual equity investment. Details of risk on the Group's loans and receivables to investee companies are set out on page 52. The directors consider the maximum credit risk to be the carrying value of loans and receivables. The trading performance of individual portfolio companies is reviewed on a regular basis and provides an early indication of increased credit or other financial risk.

The Group's policy for investing surplus cash is to limit the risk of principal loss and to ensure the ultimate recovery of invested funds by limiting market and credit risk. The Group limits its exposure to credit risk on cash deposits and other liquid investments by only investing in liquid securities which are held with counterparties which typically have long term credit ratings of A+ from Standard & Poor's or equivalent credit ratings from other established rating agencies or are institutions included within the scope of the Irish Government Bank Guarantee Scheme announced in September 2008.

At the year end, all cash and short-term deposits had a maturity of less than three months and were held with two financial institutions. The available-for-sale investments are fixed rate Euro bonds issued by the German Government.

#### 21 FINANCIAL RISK (continued)

Loans and other receivables principally comprise of proceeds from the disposal of investments that are held in escrow. The Group has determined that the credit risk on loans and other receivables is, in general, considered low.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	CARRYING AMOUNT - GROUP		CARRYING AM	OUNT - COMPANY
	2010 €'000	2009 €'000	2010 €'000	<b>2009</b> €'000
Available-for-sale investments	9,999	10,236	9,999	10,236
Loans and other receivables	3,566	3,358	2,654	2,485
Cash and cash equivalents	18,518	20,846	4,488	1,217
Total	32,083	34,440	17,141	13,938

#### Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future development of the business. The capital structure of the Group and Company consists of shareholders' equity comprising issued share capital, reserves and retained earnings.

The Group is at a development stage and may require additional investment which could be financed from the raising of equity finance, debt and/or the reinvestment of profits. It is not expected that dividends will be paid to shareholders in the foreseeable future.

The Company has implemented a share option plan details of which are contained in note 16.

One of the Company's subsidiaries, Trinity Venture Capital Limited, is regulated by the Irish Financial Regulator and is subject to minimum capital adequacy requirements. Neither the Company nor any of its other subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

#### 22 FAIR VALUES

The table below sets out fair value measurements using the IFRS 7 fair value hierarchy. Financial instruments recognised at fair value at 31 March 2010 are analysed between those whose fair value is based on:

- Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- Those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- Those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

GROUP	LEVEL 1 €'000	LEVEL 2 €'000	€,000 €,000	TOTAL €'000
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Quoted equity investments	60,964	-	-	60,964
Unquoted equity investments	-	-	10,947	10,947
Loans and receivables	-	-	500	500
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Quoted government bonds	9,999	-	-	9,999
Total	70,963	-	11,447	82,410
COMPANY	LEVEL 1 €'000	LEVEL 2 €'000	€,000 FEAET 3	TOTAL €'000
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Quoted equity investments	23,855	-	-	23,855
Loans and receivables	-	-	500	500
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Quoted government bonds	9,999	-	-	9,999
Total	33,854	_	500	34,354

During the year ended 31 March 2010, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurements. The following table shows a reconciliation of all movements in the fair value of financial instruments categorised within Level 3 during the year ended 31 March 2010.

#### 22 FAIR VALUES (continued)

GROUP	JNQUOTED EQUITY INVESTMENTS €'000	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES €'000	TOTAL €'000
Opening balance	17,803	500	18,303
Total net losses for year in profit or loss	(6,433)	-	[6,433]
Purchases	443	-	443
Sales	(866)	-	(866)
Closing balance	10,947	500	11,447
Net unrealised losses for the year included in profit or loss for investments held at the end of the	e year (7,284)	-	(7,284)
Realised profits for the year included in profit or lo	oss 851	-	851
Total net losses for the year in profit or loss	(6,433)	-	[6,433]

COMPANY	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES €'000
Opening balance	500
Total gains and losses for year in profit or loss	-
Purchases	-
Sales	
Closing balance	500

The valuation methods used in estimating the fair value of financial instruments are summarised below.

#### Investment portfolio

Fair value represents the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The fair value of investments is determined using the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines.

In estimating fair value, the Group seeks to use a methodology that is appropriate in light of the nature, facts and circumstances of the investment and its materiality in the context of the total portfolio. Methodologies are applied consistently from period to period, except where a change would result in a better estimation of fair value. Given the uncertainties inherent in estimating fair value, a degree of caution is applied in exercising judgements and making the necessary estimates.

#### Quoted investments

Quoted investments are valued at the closing bid price at the reporting date. In accordance with IFRS, no discount is applied for liquidity of the stock or any dealing restrictions.

#### Unquoted investments

Unquoted investments are valued using one of the following methodologies:

- price of recent investment; or
- revenue multiple.

#### 22 FAIR VALUES (continued)

The process is to derive an enterprise value using one of the above methodologies and then to:

- adjust the enterprise value for the net cash/debt of the investee company;
- deduct from the adjusted enterprise value all financial instruments ranking ahead of the Group; and
- apportion the remaining value over the other financial instruments including those held by the Group.

Other factors that may be taken into account include the expected effect of ratchets, options and liquidation preferences and offers received as part of a sale process.

The valuations of the Group's unquoted investments at 31 March 2010 were determined having regard to the above methodologies. Therefore, the valuation of such investments involves exercising judgement as it requires management to make assumptions with regard to valuation inputs many of which are not supported by observable current market transactions.

#### Available-for-sale investments

The available-for-sale investments represent investments in German government fixed rate Euro bonds. The fair value of the investments is based on the closing bid price.

#### Other receivable/payables

Other receivables/payables have a remaining term of less than twelve months and the carrying amounts are considered to approximate their fair value.

#### 23 COMMITMENTS

#### Operating lease commitments

At the reporting date, the Group had outstanding commitments for future minimum rental payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	2010 €'000	2009 €'000
Within one year	153	-
Between one and five years	-	405
	153	405

#### Other commitments

At 31 March 2010, the Company had commitments to invest up to a total of €10.3 million in Fund 2 (2009: €12.9 million).

#### **24 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

No significant events have taken place since the reporting date that would result in an adjustment of the financial statements or inclusion of a note thereto.

#### 25 RELATED PARTIES

The Group has various related parties stemming from relationships with its investee companies, its subsidiaries, its key management personnel and other related parties.

#### 25 RELATED PARTIES (continued)

#### Investees

The Group and the Company hold non-controlling investments in the equity of quoted and unquoted companies. This normally allows the Group and the Company to participate in the financial and operating policies of those companies. It is presumed that it is possible to exert significant influence when the equity holding is greater than 20%. These investments are not equity accounted for (as permitted by IAS 28) but are related parties. The total amounts included in the financial statements for these investments are provided in notes 1 and 10. Details of fees receivable from investee companies are outlined in note 13.

#### **Subsidiaries**

Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Company, are eliminated on consolidation. Information on the Company's subsidiaries is set out in note 3 to the financial statements. Details of related party transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries are outlined below.

#### Fund 2

#### Trinity Venture Capital Limited ("TVCL")

The transactions between the Company and TVCL during the year are summarised below.

	2010 €′000	<b>2009</b> €'000
Net amounts advanced to TVCL by the Company	-	(4,750)
Net amounts advanced to the Company by TVCL	1,766	-
Payroll, administration and occupancy costs payable		
by the Company	439	600
Management charge payable by the Company	88	100
Management charge payable by TVCL to the Company	(69)	(90)

Details of the amounts owed to subsidiaries at the end of the year are contained in note 7.

#### Key management personnel

The Group's key management personnel comprise the executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors, who manage the business and affairs of the Group.

#### Remuneration

The remuneration of key management personnel during the year was:

	2010 €'000	<b>2009</b> €'000
Basic salaries, fees and benefits-in-kind <sup>III</sup>	770	954
Pension costs	14	16
Share-based payments (note 16)	386	463
Total	1,170	1,433

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes €241,000 (2009: €309,000) relating to management fees payable to BHR Limited in respect of the services of TVC's Executive Chairman (see below).

#### 25 RELATED PARTIES (continued)

#### Co-investment

Certain key management personnel have co-invested in the investee companies of Fund 1 and Fund 2 alongside the Group. These co-investments are made on terms which are in all material respects the same as the terms on which the Group invests.

The co-investments made by key management personnel and related parties are detailed below.

	2010 €*000	<b>2009</b> €'000
Co-investment during the year	14	15

The amount owed to key management personnel at the end of the year in respect of realised co-investments was €nil (2009: €127,000).

#### **BHR Limited**

BHR Limited is a company controlled by TVC's Executive Chairman, Shane Reihill, and is considered a related party.

Certain management personnel of the Group were employees of BHR Limited during the year. The Group paid management fees to BHR Limited in respect of the provision of their services of €308,000, excluding VAT, (2009: €432,000).

BHR Limited paid occupancy costs amounting to €67,000, excluding VAT, during the year (2009: €127,000) in respect of its use of offices and shared use of general facilities at the Group's offices at Beech House, Beech Hill Office Campus, Clonskeagh, Dublin 4, Ireland.

The amount owed by BHR Limited at the end of the year was €27,000 (2009: €28,000).

#### Other

Consilient Health Limited is a company in which TVC's Executive Chairman, Shane Reihill, holds a significant indirect shareholding and is considered a related party. Consilient Health Limited paid occupancy costs in respect of its use of offices and shared use of general facilities at the Group's offices at Beech House, Beech Hill Office Campus, Clonskeagh, Dublin 4, Ireland. These costs amounted to €34,000, excluding VAT, during the year (2009: €63,000). The amount owed by Consilient Health Limited at the end of the year was €15,000 (2009: €63,000).

During the year, the Group paid an amount of €55,000, excluding VAT, to Arthur Cox, Solicitors, in respect of professional services provided to the Group (2009: €48,000). Pádraig Ó Ríordáin, a non-executive director of TVC, is also Managing Partner of Arthur Cox, which is considered a related party. There was no amount owed to Arthur Cox at 31 March 2010 (2009: €nil).

Related party transactions during the year were made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arms length transactions.

#### 26 DATE OF APPROVAL

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 8 June 2010.

## DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Directors**

Shane Reihill (Executive Chairman)
John Tracey (Chief Executive Officer)
Rory Quirke
John B McGuckian
Gavin O'Reilly
Pádraig Ó Ríordáin

#### **Company Secretary**

John Fagan

#### Registered office

Beech House Beech Hill Office Campus Clonskeagh Dublin 4 Ireland

#### Nominated adviser, ESM adviser and broker

Davy 49 Dawson Street Dublin 2 Ireland

#### Registrars

Capita Registrars (Ireland) Limited Unit 5, Manor Street Business Park Dublin 7 Ireland

#### Banker

AIB Bank 7/12 Dame Street Dublin 2 Ireland

#### **Solicitor**

Arthur Cox Earlsfort Centre Earlsfort Terrace Dublin 2 Ireland

#### Auditor

KPMG
Chartered Accountants
1 Stokes Place
St. Stephen's Green
Dublin 2
Ireland

# NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of TVC Holdings plc will be held at The Merrion Hotel, Upper Merrion Street, Dublin 2, Ireland on 8 July 2010 at 11:30am for the following purposes:

- 1. To receive and consider the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010 and the reports of the Directors and Auditor thereon.
- 2. By separate resolutions to re-elect as directors the following who retire in accordance with the Articles of Association and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election:
  - (A) John B McGuckian
  - (B) John Tracey
- 3. To authorise the Directors to fix the remuneration of the Auditor for the year ending 31 March 2011.

#### As special business to consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions:

#### 4. AS SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS:

- [A] "That the Company and/or any subsidiary (as defined by Section 155 of the Companies Act, 1963) of the Company is hereby generally authorised to make market purchases (as defined by Section 212 of the Companies Act, 1990) of shares of any class in the Company ("shares") on such terms and conditions and in such manner as the Directors may determine from time to time but subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 1990 and to the following restrictions and provisions:
  - (a) The maximum number of ordinary shares (as defined in the Articles of Association of the Company) authorised to be acquired pursuant to this resolution shall not exceed 20,222,515 ordinary shares of €0.01 each (representing twenty (20) per cent. of the issued share capital);
  - (b) The minimum price which may be paid for any share shall be an amount equal to the nominal value thereof;
  - (c) The maximum price which may be paid for any share (a "relevant share") shall be an amount equal to 105% of the average of the five amounts resulting from determining whichever of the following (i), (ii) or (iii) specified below in relation to the shares of the same class as the relevant share shall be appropriate for each of the five business days immediately preceding the day on which the relevant share is purchased, as determined from the information published in the Irish Stock Exchange Daily Official List reporting the business done on each of those five business days:
    - (i) if there shall be more than one dealing reported for the day, the average of the prices at which such dealings took place; or
    - (ii) if there shall be only one dealing reported for the day, the price at which such dealing took place; or
    - (iii) if there shall not be any dealing reported for the day, the average of the high and low market guide prices for that day;
    - and if there shall be only a high (but not a low) or a low (but not a high) market guide price reported, or if there shall not be any market guide price reported, for any particular day then that day shall not count as one of the said five business days for the purposes of determining the maximum price. If the means of providing the foregoing information as to dealings and prices by reference to which the maximum price is to be determined is altered or is replaced by some other means, then a maximum price shall be determined on the basis of the equivalent information published by the relevant authority in relation to dealings on the Irish Stock Exchange or its equivalent;
  - (d) The authority hereby granted shall expire at the close of business on the date of the next AGM of the Company or 8 October 2011, whichever is the earlier, unless previously varied, revoked or renewed by special resolution in accordance with the provisions of Section 215 of the Companies Act, 1990. The Company or any such subsidiary may, before such expiry, enter into a contract for the purchase of shares which would or might be executed wholly or partly after such expiry and may complete any such contract as if the authority conferred hereby had not expired."

- (B) "That, subject to the passing of resolution 3(A), for the purposes of Section 209 of the Companies Act, 1990, the reissue price range at which any treasury shares (as defined by the said Section 209) for the time being held by the Company may be reissued offmarket shall be as follows:
  - (a) The maximum price at which a treasury share may be reissued off-market shall be an amount equal to 120 per cent. of the "appropriate price"; and
  - (b) The minimum price at which a treasury share may be re-issued off-market shall be the nominal value of the share where such a share is required to satisfy an obligation under an employee share scheme (as defined in the Listing Rules of The Irish Stock Exchange Limited) operated by the Company or, in all other cases, an amount equal to 95 per cent. of the appropriate price.

For the purposes of this resolution the expression "appropriate price" shall mean the average of the five amounts resulting from determining whichever of the following (i), (ii) or (iii) specified below in relation to shares of the class of which such treasury share is to be reissued shall be appropriate in respect of each of the five business days immediately preceding the day on which the treasury share is reissued, as determined from information published in the Irish Stock Exchange Daily Official List reporting the business done in each of those five business days:

- (i) if there shall be more than one dealing reported for the day, the average of the prices at which such dealings took place; or
- (ii) if there shall be only one dealing reported for the day, the price at which such dealing took place; or
- (iii) if there shall not be any dealing reported for the day, the average of the high or low market guide prices for the day;

and if there shall be only a high (but not a low) or a low (but not a high) market guide price reported, or if there shall not be any market guide price reported, for any particular day then that day shall not count as one of the said five business days for the purposes of determining the appropriate price. If the means of providing the foregoing information as to dealings and prices by reference to which the appropriate price is to be determined is altered or is replaced by some other means, then the appropriate price shall be determined on the basis of the equivalent information published by the relevant authority in relation to dealings on the Irish Stock Exchange or its equivalent.

The authority hereby conferred shall expire at the close of business on the day of the next AGM of the Company or 8 October 2011, whichever is the earlier, unless previously varied or renewed in accordance with the provisions of Section 209 of the Companies Act, 1990."

#### J Fagan

Company Secretary
Beech House, Beech Hill Office Campus, Clonskeagh, Dublin 4, Ireland

8 June 2010

#### Notes.

- Any member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy (who need not be a member of the Company) to attend, speak and vote in his/her place. Completion of a form of proxy will not affect the right of a member to attend, speak and vote at the meeting in person.
- To be valid, forms of proxy duly signed together with the power of attorney or such other authority (if any) under which they are signed (or a certified copy of such power or authority) must be lodged with the Company's registrar, Capita Registrars (Ireland) Limited, Unit 5 Manor Street Business Park, Manor Street, Dublin 7, Ireland by not later than 11:30am on Tuesday, 6 July 2010.
- 3. The Company, pursuant to Regulation 14 of the Companies Act, 1990 (Uncertificated Securities) Regulations, 1996 (as amended) (the "CREST Regulations"), specifies that only those shareholders registered in the register of members of the Company as at 6.00pm on Tuesday, 6 July 2010 (or in the case of an adjournment as at 48 hours before the time of the adjourned meeting) shall be entitled to attend and vote at the meeting in respect of the number of shares registered in their names at the time. Changes to entries in the register after that time will be disregarded in determining the right of any person to attend and/or vote at the meeting.
- 4. CREST members who wish to appoint a proxy or proxies through the CREST electronic proxy appointment service may do so for the Meeting and any adjournment(s) thereof by using the procedures described in the CREST Manual. CREST personal members or other CREST sponsored members, and those CREST members who have appointed a voting service provider(s), should refer to their CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s), who will be able to take the appropriate action on their behalf. In order for a proxy appointment or instruction made using the CREST service to be valid, the appropriate CREST Proxy Instruction must be properly authenticated in accordance with CRESTCo's specifications and must contain the information required for such instructions, as described in the CREST Manual. The message, regardless of whether it constitutes the appointment of a proxy or an amendment to the instruction given to a previously appointed proxy must, in order to be valid, be transmitted so as to be received by Capita Registrars (Ireland) Limited (ID 7RA08) by 11.30am on 6 July 2010. For this purpose, the time of receipt will be taken to be the time (as determined by the timestamp applied to the message by the CREST Applications Host) from which Capita Registrars (Ireland) Limited is able to retrieve the message by enquiry to CREST in the manner prescribed by CREST. After this time any change of instructions to proxies appointed through CREST should be communicated to the appointee through other means. CREST members and, where applicable, their CREST sponsors or voting service providers should note that CRESTCo does not make available special procedures in CREST for any particular messages. Normal system timings and limitations will therefore apply in relation to the input of CREST Proxy Instructions. It is the responsibility of the CREST member concerned to take (or, if the CREST member is a CREST personal member or sponsored member or has appointed a voting service provider(s), to procure that his CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s) take(s)) such action as shall be necessary to ensure that a message is transmitted by means of the CREST system by any particular time. In this connection, CREST members and, where applicable, their CREST sponsors or voting service providers are referred, in particular, to those sections of the CREST Manual concerning practical limitations of the CREST system and timings. The Company may treat as invalid a CREST Proxy Instruction in the circumstances set out in Regulation 35(5)(a) of the CREST Regulations.